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described in §69.707, competitors unaffiliated with the price cap LEC have collocated:

- (1) In 65 percent of the petitioner's wire centers, and that at least one such collocator in each wire center is using transport facilities owned by a transport provider other than the price cap LEC to transport traffic from that wire center; or
- (2) In wire centers accounting for 85 percent of the petitioner's revenues from channel terminations between LEC end offices and customer premises, determined as specified in §69.725, and that at least one such collocator in each wire center is using transport facilities owned by a transport provider other than the price cap LEC to transport traffic from that wire center.

§ 69.713 Common line, traffic-sensitive, and tandem-switched transport services.

- (a) *Scope.* This paragraph governs requests for pricing flexibility with respect to the following services:
- (1) Common line services, as described in §§ 69.152, 69.153, and 69.154.
- (2) Services in the traffic-sensitive basket, as described in $\S61.42(d)(2)$ of this chapter.
- (3) The traffic-sensitive components of tandem-switched transport services, as described in §§ 69.111(a)(2)(i) and (ii).
- (b) Phase I triggers. (1) To obtain Phase I pricing flexibility, as specified in §69.727(a), for the services identified in paragraph (a) of this section, a price cap LEC must provide convincing evidence that, in the relevant area as described in §69.707, its unaffiliated competitors, in aggregate, offer service to at least 15 percent of the price cap LEC's customer locations.
- (2) For purposes of the showing required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the price cap LEC may not rely on service the competitors provide solely by reselling the price cap LEC's services, or provide through unbundled network elements as defined in §51.5 of this chapter, except that the price cap LEC may rely on service the competitors provide through the use of the price cap LEC's unbundled loops.
 - (c) [Reserved]

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§ 69.725 Attribution of revenues to particular wire centers.

If a price cap LEC elects to show, in accordance with §69.709 or §69.711, that competitors have collocated in wire centers accounting for a certain percentage of revenues from the services at issue, the LEC must make the following revenue allocations:

- (a) For entrance facilities and channel terminations between an IXC POP and a serving wire center, the petitioner shall attribute all the revenue to the serving wire center.
- (b) For channel terminations between a LEC end office and a customer premises, the petitioner shall attribute all the revenue to the LEC end office.
- (c) For any dedicated service routed through multiple wire centers, the petitioner shall attribute 50 percent of the revenue to the wire center at each end of the transmission path, unless the petitioner can make a convincing case in its petition that some other allocation would be more representative of the extent of competitive entry in the MSA or the non-MSA parts of the study area at issue.

§69.727 Regulatory relief.

- (a) Phase I relief. Upon satisfaction of the Phase I triggers specified in §§ 69.709(b), 69.711(b), or 69.713(b) for an MSA or the non-MSA parts of a study area, a price cap LEC will be granted the following regulatory relief in that area for the services specified in §§ 69.709(a), 69.711(a), or 69.713(a), respectively:
 - (1) Volume and term discounts;
- (2) Contract tariff authority, provided that
- (i) Contract tariff services are made generally available to all similarly situated customers; and
- (ii) The price cap LEC excludes all contract tariff offerings from price cap regulation pursuant to $\S61.42(f)(1)$ of this chapter.
- (iii) Before the price cap LEC provides a contract tariffed service, under §69.727(a), to one of its long-distance affiliates, as described in section 272 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, or §64.1903 of this chapter,